

Govan Home Team C.I.C.

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Registration number: SC558776

180 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5SG

Telephone 0141 204 8989

50 Melville Street Edinburgh EH3 7HF

Telephone 0131 228 7979

www.alexandersloan.co.uk info@alexandersloan.co.uk

......

Contents

Company Information	1
Directors' Report	2 to 3
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	4
Independent Auditor's Report	5 to 8
Profit and Loss Account	9
Statement of Comprehensive Income	10
Balance Sheet	11
Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13 to 23

Company Information

Registered office 246 Edmiston Drive

Glasgow G51 2YU

Solicitors T C Young LLP

7 West George Street

Glasgow G2 1BA

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland

788 Govan Road

Glasgow G51 2YL

Auditors Alexander Sloan Accountants and Business Advisers

180 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5SG

Directors' Report for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018. This is the first set of financial statements.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 27 February 2017 and commenced trading on 1 May 2017

Parent

The company is the 100% owned subsidiary of Govan Housing Association.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is Combined facilities and support services

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

John Andrew Kane - Director (appointed 1 May 2017)

Colin Quigley - Director (appointed 27 February 2017)

Gary Maguire - Director (appointed 27 February 2017)

Andrew Masterton - Director (appointed 1 May 2017)

Fiona McTaggart - Director (appointed 27 February 2017)

Audrey Simpson - Director (appointed 1 May 2017)

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

Alexander Sloan were appointed as Auditors for the period ended 31 March 2018 and a ressolution proposing their reappointment shall be put to the AGM.

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' Report for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Approved by the Board on 30 August 2018 and signed on its behalf by:				
Gary Maguire				
Director				

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Govan Home Team C.I.C.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Govan Home Team C.I.C. (the 'company') for the period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Govan Home Team C.I.C.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Govan Home Team C.I.C.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities [set out on page 4], the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
of internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Govan Home Team C.I.C.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Allison Devine (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Alexander Sloan Accountants and Business Advisers, Statutory Auditor
180 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5SG
Date:

Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

	Note	Total 31 March 2018 £
Turnover	3	1,349,694
Cost of sales		(1,024,041)
Gross profit		325,653
Administrative expenses		(300,317)
Other operating income	4	3,325
Operating profit	5	28,661
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(4,011)
		(4,011)
Profit before tax		24,650
Profit for the financial period		24,650

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the period other than the results above.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

	2018 £
Profit for the period	24,650
Total comprehensive income for the period	24,650

(Registration number: SC558776) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	9	399,474
Current assets		
Stocks	10	84,672
Debtors	11	67,188
Cash at bank and in hand	_	281,140
		433,000
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13 _	(356,384)
Net current assets	_	76,616
Total assets less current liabilities		476,090
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(275,000)
Deferred income	_	176,439
Net assets	=	24,651
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	16	1
Profit and loss account	_	24,650
Total equity	_	24,651

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 August 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Gary Maguire		
Director		

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

	Profit and		
	Share capital	loss account	Total
	£	£	£
Profit for the period		24,650	24,650
Total comprehensive income	-	24,650	24,650
New share capital subscribed	1		1
At 31 March 2018	1	24,650	24,651

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in Scotland.

The address of its registered office is:

246 Edmiston Drive

Glasgow

G51 2YU

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 August 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Board has reviewed the results for this year and has also reviewed the business plan for the next five years. The Board recognises that as with any new business there will be changes and developments as the business matures and developments. However, it has a reasonable expectation that the HOME Team has the adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis has been adopted in these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate

Leasehold improvements 15 year straight line
Office equipment 4 year straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Revenue

The analysis of the company's revenue for the period from continuing operations is as follows:

	2018
	£
Sale of goods and services	1,277,784
Grants received	71,429
Other revenue	481
	1,349,694

4 Other operating income

The analysis of the company's other operating income for the period is as follows:

•	•	•	•	•	
					2018
					£
Sub lease rental income					3,325

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

5 Operating profit	
Arrived at after charging/(crediting)	
	2018
	£
Depreciation expense	34,104
Operating lease expense - other	78,695
6 Interest payable and similar expenses	
	2018
	£
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	4,011
7 Staff costs	
The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:	
The aggregate payroli coole (molading directors remaindration) were as follows:	2018
	£
Wages and salaries	638,547
Social security costs	47,957
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	26,734
	713,238
Key management were provided by the parent Association's staff.	
The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) du analysed by category was as follows:	ring the period,
	2018
	No.
Maintenance and Production staff	40
Administration and support	6
	46

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

8 Auditors' remuneration

2018 £ 6,600

Audit of the financial statements

9 Tangible assets

	Leasehold Improvements £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
Additions	371,450	62,128	433,578
At 31 March 2018	371,450	62,128	433,578
Depreciation			
Charge for the	18,572	15,532	34,104
At 31 March 2018	18,572	15,532	34,104
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2018	352,878	46,596	399,474

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

10 Stocks

	2018 £
Raw materials and other consumables	84,672
11 Debtors	
	2018
	£
Other debtors	3,990
Prepayments	29,391
Accrued income	33,807
Total current trade and other debtors	67,188

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

12	Cash	and	cash	equiva	lents

	2018 £
Cash on hand	100
Cash at bank	281,040
	281,140
13 Creditors	
	2018
Note	£
Due within one year	
Amounts due to related parties 19	349,784
Accrued expenses	6,600
	356,384
Due after one year	
Loans from related parties 17	275,000
14 Deferred income	
	2018
Note	£
Deferred income	
Deferred income received	185,725
Deferred income released	(9,286)
	176,439

15 Pension and other schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £26,735.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

16 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018	
	No.	£
£1 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1	1

Shares in entity held by entity, subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures

On incorporation the company issued 1 ordinary share of £1 each for cash.

17 Loans and borrowings

	2018
	£
Non-current loans and borrowings	
Loan from parent organisation	275,000

The loan from the parent Association attracts interest of 3.5% and is due for final repayment by 31 March 2022.

18 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2018
	£
Not later than one year	48,000
Later than one year and not later than five years	144,000
Later than five years	480,000
	672,000

The lease of the company's premises at 246 Edminston Drive, Glasgow, is payable quarterly and the company's parent, Govan Housing Association, is currently acting as guarantor.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

19 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with parent

During the year, the parent Association was charged £1,293,347 (2017- £nil) for work undertaken by the company, including planned, reactive and cyclical maintenance. Included within this amount was £13,284 (2017-£nil) relating to grants which were claimed on behalf of the company.

The parent Association recharged operating costs met by the Association on behalf of Govan Home Team. These included leased motor vehicles, wages and salaries, materials and other overheads totalling £1,453,396 (2017 - £nil).

The parent Association recharged leasehold improvements totalling £371,450 in respect of costs which were met on behalf of Govan Home Team for the fit-out at Edminston Drive, £371,450 of which has been capitalised as Leasehold Improvements.

The parent Association made a 50% grant contribution towards the cost of the leasehold improvements. The grant will be amortised over 15 years.

The company has an outstanding loan with its parent totalling £275,000 of which interest is being charged at 3.5% per annum. Applicable interest for the period ended 31 March 2018 has been accrued (£4,010) through the inter-company creditor.

In addition to the loan balance, Govan Home Team C.I.C owed Govan Housing Association £349,784, represented by an inter-company creditor. This is shows within current liabilities (note 13).

The parent Association acts as a guarantor on the company's lease of 246 Edminston Drive, Glasgow.

20 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Govan Housing Association, incorporated in Scotland.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

21 Period of accounts

The company was incorporated on 27 February 2017 and commenced trading on 1 May 2017. These financial statements cover the period from incorporation to 31 March 2018.

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

	27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018 £
Sales	
Sale of goods	1,277,784
Other revenue	481
Grants received	71,429
Turnover	1,349,694
Cost of Sales	
Materials	335,569
Wages and salaries	500,551
Staff NIC (Employers)	38,992
Staff pensions (Defined contribution)	25,396
Staff training	6,493 8,228
Hire of plant and machinery Lease of motor vehicles (Operating leases)	78,695
Insurance	18,915
Protective clothing	11,202
Cost of sales	1,024,041
Gross profit	325,653
Gross profit (%)	24.13%
Administrative expenses	
Employment costs	148,299
General administrative expenses	117,914
Depreciation costs	34,104
	300,317
Other Income	
Sub lease rental income	3,325
Operating profit	28,661
Interest payable and similar charges	(4,011)
Profit before tax	24,650

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

	2018 £
Turnover	
Sales, UK	1,277,784
Grants and subsidies	71,429
Other income	481
	1,349,694
Cost of sales	
Materials	335,569
Wages and salaries	500,551
Staff NIC (Employers)	38,992
Staff pensions (Defined contribution)	25,396
Staff training	6,493
Hire of plant and machinery	8,228
Lease of motor vehicles (Operating leases)	78,695
Insurance	18,915
Protective clothing	11,202
	1,024,041
Employment costs	
Wages and salaries	(137,996)
Staff NIC (Employers)	(8,965)
Staff pensions (Defined contribution)	(1,338)
	(148,299)
General administrative expenses	
Rent and rates	(62,846)
Light, heat and power	(7,958)
Repairs and renewals	(4,734)
Computer software and maintenance costs	(16,634)
Printing, postage and stationery	(4,355)
Trade subscriptions	(1,467)
Sundry expenses	(7,084)
Cleaning	(1,505)
Travel and subsistence	(40)

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 27 February 2017 to 31 March 2018

Advertising	(152)
Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts	(6,600)
Consultancy fees	(4,430)
Management fees	1
Bank charges	(110)
	(117,914)
Depreciation costs	
Depreciation of long leasehold property	(18,572)
Depreciation of office equipment (owned)	(15,532)
	(34,104)
Other operating income	
Rent receivable	3,325
Interest payable and similar expenses	
Bank interest payable	4,011